

2009. DONORS OF THE YEAR



Project:
**SUPPORT TO
TASO FOUNDATION
ACTIVISM IN 2009**



Project:
**ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT
OF RURAL WOMEN IN
9 VILLAGES OF
SHIDA KARTLI REGION**



GENERAL SUPPORT GRANT



Project:
**KARALETI WOMEN'S CENTER FOR
COMBATING VIOLENCE AND
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT**
(co-financing)



Project:
**KARALETI WOMEN'S CENTER FOR
COMBATING VIOLENCE AND
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT**
(co-financing)



GENERAL SUPPORT GRANT



Project:
**WOMEN'S
POLITICAL
PARTICIPATION**



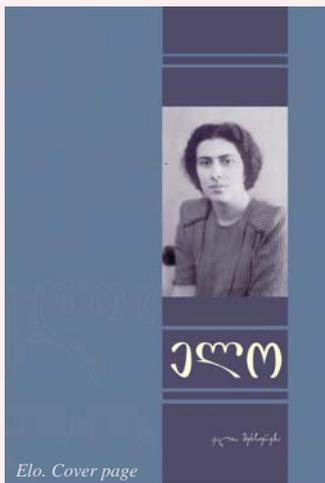
SUPPORT TO TASO FOUNDATION 2009 ACTIVITIES

In 2009, TF implements its new strategy planning developed for the years 2009-2011 in response to critical changing of the country's context after the August 2008 war.

Economic strengthening and social mobilization of internally displaced and conflict affected women is one of the main goals of the new strategy of Taso Foundation

WOMEN'S ORAL HISTORIES

The main goal of this program in 2009 was contributing to the institutionalization of WOHs as an academic discipline; therefore, Taso Foundation organized the *Women's Oral History School: Theory and Practice* for scholars of Arnold Chikobava Institute of Linguistics of Academy of Sciences of Georgia and MA and PHD students of Tbilisi State University. Besides Ms Tsisana Goderdzishvili who leads the WOH Program at Taso Foundation, Dr Marina Beridze, Prof. of Tbilisi State University and a grantee of TF (years 2003; 2006), conducted one-day training in the School. Especially for the School participants (a total of 17) and for all interested, a reader in WOH in Georgian was prepared. The reader contains Georgian translations of the following articles: **Rebecca Sharpless**, THE HISTORY OF ORAL HISTORY; **Mary A. Larson**, RESEARCH DESIGN AND STRATEGIES; **Donald A. Ritchie**, CONDUCTING INTERVIEWS; **Sherna Gluck**, WHAT'S SO SPECIAL ABOUT WOMEN? WOMEN'S ORAL HISTORY. The WOH bibliography with referrals to those one can find in TF Resource Center is part of the Reader. Video material from the archive of Women's Memory Research Center of TF was selected and edited for the school program.



Elo. Cover page

The School was followed by month-long consultations for eight school participants who expressed willingness to carry out practical work for documenting narratives of women affected by August 2008 war. For fulfillment of this work, the young researchers received modest support from TF (service contracts' based) and, as a the result, we received eight new narratives, total 87 pages enclosed with six hours of audio and three hours of video recordings.

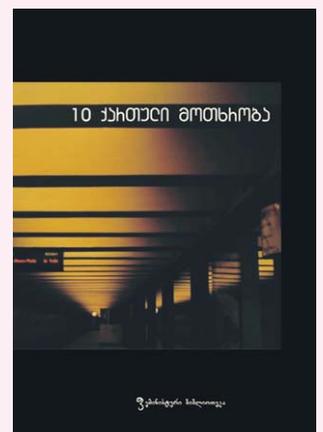
In 2009, ELO, the 8th book of *Women's Memory* series we have been publishing since 2004, was published (as a result of the work started in late 2008). Twenty-two individuals, colleagues and family members of outstanding scholar of medieval Georgian and Byzantine manuscripts, *Helen Metreveli* (1917-2003), were interviewed for the creation of the book. Photo material from archive fund of National Center of Manuscripts and private collections were used in the book (160 pages; 500 copies).

FEMINIST LIBRARY SERIES OF PUBLICATIONS

The book **Ten Georgian Short Stories**, the 3rd book of the series, was prepared and published in 2010 (700 copies). Short stories of contemporary female writers were selected for publication. Authors: Teona Dolenjashvili, Nino Suramelashvili, Maka Mikeladze, Ana Kordzaia-Samadashvili, Irma Tavelidze, Tamta Melashvili, Nino Tarkhnishvili, Tea Topuria, Magda Kalandadze, Maka Ldoconen. Dr Salome Tshipurashvili authored the preface article *What Georgian Female Writers Are Writing About in Current Textual Reality*.

GRANTS FOR SOCIAL ACTIVISM OF WOMEN VILLAGERS

On the basis of negotiation, TF supported its reliable partner, community organization *Leli I* for launching a municipality-wide education campaign for public awareness on Women's Rights; in addition, in 2009 TF co-financed a project of *Leli I* for organizing medical examination, consultancy and a gym to fight the growing problem of osteoporosis among women.



10 Georgian Short Stories. Cover page

Additional grant for co-finance the competition *Social and Politically Important Activism of Rural Women* was made from the budget of OSGF grant.

ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT OF RURAL WOMEN IN 9 VILLAGES OF SHIDA KARTLI REGION

We took into account the context of the conflict zone and considered developing our activism in two wide directions: economic empowerment of women to start income-generating endeavors/small businesses by means of grants and stimulation of women's social activism.

We started to work in the conflict zone on March 12, 2009. It is always extremely interesting and vivifying to work directly with rural women, and one can imagine how special was our interaction in villages where people have just recently experienced the death of a family member, torture, loss of home and livestock; where they point at surrounding hills with guns aiming at them; and where they tell us

that their homes are on this side but their orchards wound up "on the other side", even some village cemeteries ended up "on the other side".



IDP lady, grantee of TF
ფონდის გრანტის მიმღები



Consulting in financial reporting. Gori
კონსულტაცია ფინანსური ანგარიშსთვის. გორი

In almost every village where we presented our project for the first time at crowded gatherings of women, we were told, if you have money, distribute it evenly among the population of our village and leave. We replied that they had to choose trustworthy women between them as our local consultants, they had to draw projects, that budgets had be developed, that they were to open personal accounts in the bank... We listened to the stories about their hardship and tribulation, shared our stories

as well, socialized with priests who were invited to the meetings by the participating women, distributed books and information about projects/opportunities provided by other organizations of civil society. We worked in the villages: Dvani, Breti, Aradeti, Variani, Nikozi, Tkviavi, Tirdznisi, Gugutiantkari, and IDP Settlement Karaleti.

122 projects were submitted within the frames of the competition and, after a complicated period of evaluation/selection and modification of the budgets of the short-listed projects (proposals), together with local consultants, we decided to support 53 projects by means of giving out grants (one of the projects was supported from the budget of OSF General Support Grant). Grant contracts were solemnly signed in Gori, in the *Gender Resource Center* opened with the support of UN agencies. It is also significant that, on the initiative of UNIFEM/Georgia and with its support, the *Association of Young Economists of Georgia* involved all applicants



Monitoring grants. Dvani village
გრანტების მონიტორინგისას. დვანი

of our project in the one-month educational program in small business development. The fall monitoring of the projects showed that endeavors supported by us: ranches, pig-breeding, rabbit-breeding, poultry farms, etc. are vital for the families of grantees since it is very hard for people in this gardening region to sell their harvest, and the income from gardening hardly ever ensures the means to make it through a long and cold winter. Yet, this is a different story altogether, a story about the necessity to improve the country's agricultural policy.



IDP women, project participants
პროექტის მონაწილე დევნილი ქალები

KARALETI WOMEN'S CENTER FOR COMBATING VIOLENCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

(Extended with support provided in frames of OSF General Support Grant)

This project is part of the larger program which TF implements in the conflict zone in response to August 2008 war. The main goal of the program is women's empowerment for: overcoming social/political inertness, peace building, women's rights advocacy, community mobilization for development. The success of the project was supported by the experience acquired in the process of the establishment of the Women's Social Responsibility Center (Saniore, Kakheti) and the trust of the population built through works conducted in order to issue income-generating grants to women affected by the August 2008 War in Shida Kartli.



Project poster

PREPARATORY WORKS: Rehabilitation of space for starting the project in the building local administration: cleaning of the yard, outhouse building, water/natural gas supplies, reconstruction and furnishing of spaces for office and the training hall.

WOMEN'S CENTER FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY: TF hired its representative through competition (selected among 43 local candidates) and opened its branch office in Karaleti village of Shida Kartli. The equipped office served to the population of 4 villages of Karaleti Community and local officials (free telephone and internet access, document copying, etc.); The Center serves as space where women/youth learn IT Software to acquire an opportunity of finding jobs in the city of Gori, regional administrative center. The Center connects community representatives with organizations, agencies that provide relevant support, also providing workspace/facilities for other civil society organizations & government officials for their work for the benefit of community;

LIBRARY of Karaleti office was composed so to provide publications on principles of democracy, women's rights, equality and justice. Besides, another library with literature for children's education was created.

THE POSTER with the slogan *Strengthening One Another for Well-Being of the Whole Community* was prepared, published and purposefully distributed.

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM OF THE PROJECT: SEMINARS IN WOMEN'S RIGHTS were conducted by leaders/experts of Georgian women's movement. Besides passing knowledge to rural women, they inform project participants about services that their organizations and other civil society organizations deliver in Tbilisi as well as in the city of Gori. Project educational program included the following topics:

Domestic Violence: International and National Legislation; Centers for Protection and Rehabilitation of Victims; Difficulties in Implementation of the National Legislation.

Labor Migration and Trafficking: Poverty as the Cause of Labor Migration; Illegal Migration and Its Dangers; Trafficking as a Violation of Human Rights; Prevention of Trafficking; National Legislation and State Support for Victims of Trafficking.

Gender and Economy: Labor Rights and Labor Code, Criticism of Existing Georgian Legislation; Basics of International Legislation; Millennium Development Goals; Gender and Economic Policy; Gender Budgeting; Gender Monitoring of Local Budgets.

Reproductive Health and Rights: Family Planning, Contraceptives; Prevention of Female Diseases; Patient's Rights, STDs; HIV/AIDS, Basics of International and National Legislation.

Women in Peace-Building: Protection of Human Rights in Order to Ensure Peace-Building, Prevention of Conflicts and Steady Development within the Context of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, UN SCRs on women, peace and security.



Prof. Charita Jashi leads the training in Gender and Economy პროფ. ჩარიტა ჯაში ატარებს ტრენინგს „გენდერი და ეკონომიკა“

Training in domestic violence. Nato Shavlakadze and Marika Buchukuri
ოჯახში ძალადობის ტრენინგი. ნატო შავლაკაძე და მარიკა ბუჩუკური

With the support from OSF, the educational course was enhanced through the following: three-day training in **Women's Political Participation**; seminar in **Breast Cancer Prevention**; seminar on **Women and Environment**; **Community Mobilization** workshop.

A total of 139 women, representatives of the Karaleti and seven other neighbouring villages participated in educational sessions of the Project. Certificates of participation in the educational program contained a list of training-seminars attended by each project participant.



Additionally, *with OSF support*: under Karaleti WC, a youth group was formed and trained in HRs/Women's Rights, environmental and legislative issues; poster of the puppet performance of children in Khurvaleti IDP camp was published/distributed to IDPs. Currently the youth group with girls' leadership works on acute problems of the community: drug addiction, alcoholism, environmental protection.

Responding to cases of domestic violence within the project frames: At the first meeting with women community representatives, it became evident that response to domestic violence cases would be one of the main work subjects within the project frames, as well as for women's community organization to be formed within the project duration period. The thematic poster published earlier for the prevention of domestic violence in rural areas, with the hotline /contact information of *Anti-Violence Network of Georgia (AVNG)*, was widely distributed in Karaleti and neighbouring villages. Director of AVNG, Ms Nato Shavlakadze, conducted a seminar on DV in Karaleti Center; during the seminar, it became clear that one of the participants was a victim of DV. It was an extremely acute and special case of violation by mother-in-law and sister-in-law (beating, taking children away). The lady was placed in the shelter of AVNG. After a period of rehabilitation, she was accepted by her own family in the same village, yet she soon committed a suicide. After that tragic case, the head of Karaleti Center and women /project participants intensified their work to combat DV. A total of 11 cases were responded to with the support of *Gori Committee of AVNG*, *Gori Branch of Young Lawyers Association of Georgia*, and the organization *Human Rights Priority*. Gori city based police officers were involved in responding to 9 cases. TF ED reported to state officials and women's NGO leaders on issues related DV, as one of the most acute problems of individuals and the society in the conflict zone, and spoke out in her interview to Radio Liberty.

Building of women's community organization: Seven special seminars, consultative meetings were launched to form and train groups of most motivated and socially active women in organizational development issues, most of them being young and having participated in the educational sessions of the project. In the middle of project implementation period, the group was already active enough to act as our mediator in maximizing the support to most needy in the community and the IDP camp situated close to the Karaleti village. The team was hosting other civil society organizations that work in this geographic location for defending rights of conflict affected community representatives and delivering services. By May 2010, when the project was finalized, its outcomes had already been evident, the most important among them being the establishment of a group of motivated women representatives of several villages. The group was officially registered as **Karaleti Women's Solidarity Center** and joined the community of rurally based women's centers with its main goal of combating domestic violence. Mariam Tedliashvili, the lawyer, is leader of the organization.



OSF GENERAL SUPPORT GRANT

Our mission within the framework of OSF grant in 2009 was to support the development of democratic processes with the worthy participation of rural, conflict affected women.

Participants of Women in Politics training, Karaleti. ქართველთა "ქალი და პოლიტიკა" ძინაწილენი, კარაღეთი



მაკა მსითური, IDP women's NGO For Better Future
მკაცა მსითური, IDP ქალებისთვის "კეთილი მომავლისთვის"



GRANT-MAKING

The objectives of the competition *Social and Politically Important Activism of Rural Women* were related to both long-term work for rural women's social activism and the goal of the newly started work direction **Women's Political Participation** with accent on political participation of rural/isolated women. Content of the competition concept emphasized that the social activism of rural women is crucially, politically important for building democracy for social justice in Georgia. After a month and a half long period of consulting applicants, six proposals among 21 were selected and supported.

Two grants were given to women's groups mobilized within the IDP settlements in Tzerovani and Prezeti. These projects covered institutional development, capacity building for women's human rights activism; community services. In addition, a group of ethnically Ossetian women based

in the village Kitaani, Kakheti Region, was supported for institutional development, educational courses for youth and environmental activism. This grant bears special importance as it is directed toward the inclusion of local Ossetian women in peace building processes together with other partners/grantees of TF.



კეთევან ჯიკაშვილი, Pshaveli Women's Council
ქეთევან ჯიკაშვილი, ფშაველას ქალების საბჭო

Under the competition TF supported projects of three village based organizations that had been TF's successful grantees in the previous years. The projects aimed at rural women's empowerment, social activism and community development in the villages of Dvabzu, Leliani and Pshaveli (the latter project was supported from the budget of OSGF grant to TF in 2009).

Within OSF grant, TF co-financed the project *Economic Empowerment of Rural Women in 9 Villages of Shida Kartli Region*. The project of Lia Mekarishvili was financed as well to support the farm building leading to the economic empowerment of two conflict-affected families.

WOMEN AND PEACE

A small grant was made on negotiation basis to the *Union of Mothers of Perished Soldiers "Ardavitskeba"*: institutional development of the charitable organization that worked solely for providing humanitarian aid for the mothers of perished soldiers. Support is provided for the organization' office arrangement and involvement of young leader members for the intensification of the work and participation in women's movement with peace building activism.

POLITICAL PARTICIPATION OF RURAL WOMEN

Throughout the year 2009, Taso Foundation collaborated with UNDP 3-years long project *Women and Politics*, participating in drafting of the national law on gender equality. At the final stage of the abovementioned project, UNDP and TF co-organized two Schools on Women in Politics in the city of Kutaisi, Western Georgia. The topics of the school were gender equality policy on national and international levels; women's political participation; PR tools; Effective communication with target groups using traditional and new media means; management skills development.



ტრენინგის მონაწილეები
Training participant

TF had already completed the creation of a database of women in politics (see below). Most motivated rural women starters in political life and women professionals willing to participate in politics, including women from the Shida Kartli conflict zone, were supported for participation in

მარგარეტ ნინო ლაგვილავა, UNDP-პროექტის "აქტიური და პოლიტიკა" კოორდინატორი
Nino Lagvilava, UNDP Gender and Politics project coordinator (on the right)

the schools. Eleven small travel grants were issued for covering hotel expenses and per diems. In addition, three staff members of TF, including Head of Karaleti Women's Center, participated as well.

In addition, the amount of OSF General Support Grant was utilized for: parts of administrative costs of KWC&TF offices; expenses related to grants' monitoring & evaluation and co-financing of purchasing a secondhand four-wheel car (matching funds: from GFW General Support Grant).

GLOBAL FUND FOR WOMEN GENERAL SUPPORT GRANT

By the time it received GFW general support grant, the foundation had already identified potential grantees to be supported on the basis of past successful experience of cooperation with them. Thus, the basic grant amount, 15 000 USD, was used for grant making to the following recipients: *Women's Centre in Dvabzu village* (publication of a community magazine, youth club, seminars on women's rights, gender budgeting, etc.); *Women's Group of Dirbi village* (arrangement of the office and workshop of traditional crafts aimed at generating incomes, women's mobilization for solving problems of the community), and Gender Media Caucasus (preparation, publication and distribution of issues 9 and 10 of *Women's Dialogue* magazine).



To measure the effectiveness and efficiency of the projects financed, TF used Making the Case method. The evaluation revealed significant changes at social as well as at individual levels and showed that each grant had direct or indirect effects over the development of the community. Significant shifts in the following categories were revealed – shift in definitions, shift in engagement and shift in behavior. Shift in definition, which means raising the issues of social importance, actualizing women's issues through informing the community about necessary changes and conducting conscious raising campaign, was achieved through the project Magazine *Women's Dialogue* directed by Ms. Galina Petriashvili (GenderMediaCaucasus). The project contributed towards the consolidation of women's movement through conscious-raising campaign within the region. Shift in engagement, which means the increase of the number of people supporting the project in problems' solution, was successfully achieved by Women's Center in Dvabzu directed by Ms. Ketevan Khidasheli. Shift in behavior i.e. the changes in the attitude towards the issue in the community was also productively implemented by the project Women's Workshop in Dirbi" directed by Ms. Natela Kvrivishvili. All evaluations were conducted after the completion of the projects' implementation.

WOMEN'S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION: CREATION OF WOMEN'S DATABASE

In 2009, **International Gender Policy Network**, which is originally a network of women's organizations transformed from national Soros foundations of the countries of Eastern Europe and post-Soviet space, initiated the creation of data bases of women members of political parties as well as other women professionals able and willing to enter politics, and also women who will guarantee putting women's issues on political agenda. This was an IGPN activity within the frames of its Project on Political Participation of Women, supported by Oxfam Novib and OSF. Ukraine, Kazakhstan and Georgia were selected for piloting the database creation. Among the 3 countries, the lowest participation of women in national politics was recorded in Georgia.

The main aim of the database was to show the expertise of women from different sectors and to refute the prevalent myth that there are no women in the country able and willing to become part of politics and decision making. The database is also useful for identifying women experts in different fields.

In collecting data, a special questionnaire provided by Oxfam Novib was instrumental. In its work Taso Foundation put a strong accent on identifying women willing to start political activism among rural population isolated from political life. The process of collecting data was spread countywide; besides the expert of the field, rurally based grantee partners and ex-grantees of TF were involved in the work. We received a number of applications, some of them missing one or another datum. The next step was contacting the

applicants to fill in missing information. The most important and problematic criterion we pay attention to is the Evidence of Leadership and Management Skills - if a potential applicant provided sufficient information in this field, then she was included in the database. One hundred and six out of 140 applications received were included in the database, among them 54 – non-party women; 52 – women members of different political parties (see <http://www.database.igpn.net/en/>).

Two presentations, one at the *Office of Public Defender of Georgia* (Tbilisi) and the other in the training hall of **Karaleti Women's Center** (Karaketi village, Gori Municipality), were organized within project frames.

Women from the database, both party members and nonparty women, women's NGOs working on similar issues, as well as general representatives of political parties, participated in the project presentation meeting at PDO. The second part of the project presentation was an open discussion with the audience. It should be noted that the discussion raised interest among both political party members and women activists. General conclusion of the discussion was that we, women's NGOs and women activists, need to elaborate a common language with political parties in order to deliver our values and priorities, to make them understandable for political parties as they do not share them automatically, though they showed interest for future collaboration including participation in our research and further extensions of WPP Project.

The project presentation held in *Karaleti Center* was especially interesting as ensued discussions highlighted the necessity of a serious amount of work to be done in the following spheres: women's education for their readiness for a dialogue with local authorities and participation in political life; involvement of local officials in programs of civil society actors, especially directed towards WHRs and gender equality; mediation between grassroots communities and local state institutions.

To emphasize our vision of WPP, a short documentary **Blackberry** was screened at both presentations.

WOMEN'S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION: DIALOGUE WITH POLITICAL PARTIES

Among the acting political parties of Georgia, two parliamentary and five non-parliamentary parties were selected and targeted. Targeted political parties are characterized by a more or less satisfactory level of stability in the recent years. Desk research of statutes and political platforms of the political parties and interviews with parties' representatives were undertaken.

The research shows that the Georgian political establishment views the issues of gender equality and advancement of women as something unnatural and artificial for Georgian society and argues that the country faces more urgent and pressing matters that must be dealt with first. Therefore, political parties do not realize their potential role in promoting women party members and educating voters concerning the importance of women's equal representation. The majority of the respondents believe that the neutral approach to women and men within a party means equal opportunities for all party members.

The interviews revealed yet another peculiarity about the Georgian political environment, which is based on and develops around individuals. The vast majority of the respondents pointed out that the main criterion in the pre-election nomination of candidates is high socio-economic standing, often with prominent position in society and the backing of powerful interest groups. Traditional expectations of women duties also transcend their roles within the parties. Women's groups and women members are often associated with charity, social aid and organizational tasks. However, a new trend is emerging: during the pre-election process women party members are now interested in finding women leaders in rural areas of the country and providing special education for them.

In some parties there was also the opinion that if the party's women section or the women members raise their voices for the women's cause, the party leadership is willing to listen. This shows the importance of creating a women's group or even alliances across party lines to push for the issue. At the same time, the responsibility for equal representation and gender policies should not be loaded solely upon women.



PROBLEMS OF LABOUR MIGRATION BETWEEN GEORGIA AND GREECE

Based on service contract with *Peoples' Harmonious Development Society (PHDS)*; the research component of *The Program of Cooperation in the Black Sea Region in Area of Migration Between Countries of Origin, Transit and Destination*, funded by the European Union.

Geographical coverage: Greece (Athens and Thessaloniki) and Georgia (Tbilisi, Rustavi, Kutaisi, Telavi, Kvareli, and Dusheti)

The following has been accomplished within the frames of the project: Questionnaires and guidelines for semi-structured interviews with experts working on the issues of migration, as well as with labor migrants in Greece and returnees to Georgia, were developed; potential respondents were identified and interviews were scheduled.

Three researchers took part in a conference in Athens, met representatives of the Consulate of Georgia to Greece and Georgian diasporas in Athens and Thessaloniki. Thirty-one in-depth interviews/oral histories of Georgian labor migrants and 10 interviews with experts were recorded in Athens and Thessaloniki.

In addition, 32 oral history interviews of Georgian returnees and 19 interviews of Georgian experts of the field were recorded in Georgia.

After materials extracted as a result of the interviews were transcribed, their electronic versions were processed at SPSS. Analytical study was developed in Georgian. In the course of analysis, a participatory discussion group of the initial research results with key experts was formed. The results of this discussion group contributed to the interpretation of the research results and, after it underwent editing by experts, the study was translated into Russian. Based on the findings of the survey, 17 oral histories were selected and transformed into written case studies. The study was prepared for publication.

The research results were presented at various events with participation of stakeholders and field experts.



Georgian female labour migrants on the street in Athens
ქართველი ქალების მიგრანტები ათენაში

PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS/EVENTS IN 2009:

- Training-seminar on *Women's Political Participation* conducted by International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance; organized by International Gender Policy Network (IGPN) and the *Annual General Assambly* of IGPN. January, 2009, Istanbul
- Special Gathering organized by Working Group on *Philanthropy for Social Justice and Peace* & Ford Foundation. February, 2009, Kairo
- Annual meeting of *Foundation for Peace Network*; organized by the Community Foundation for Northern Ireland. February 2009, Alexandria
- Seminar for elaborating of the UNIFEM CIS Communication Strategy; organized by UNIFEM Regional CIS Office. September 2009, Kazakhstan, Almaty
- Work meeting of the *Foundations for Peace Network*, organized by the Community Foundation for Northern Ireland. September-October 2009, Nepal, Katmandu
- Regional Meeting of International Network of Women's Funds; co-organized by Women's Fund in Georgia. October 2009, Georgia, Tbilisi
- Work meetings of the Committee of the Status of Women and UNECE Beijing +15 Regional Review Meeting; organized by UNECE, co-organized by UNIFEM. October-November, Switzerland, Geneva

TOTAL AMOUNT OF GRANTS MADE IN 2009: 86 717 USD

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRANTS MADE IN 2009: 76